

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BULLETIN

ISSUE DATE

EFFECTIVE DATE

NUMBER

December 9, 2022

January 9, 2023

*See below

SUBJECT

Coverage and Prior Authorization of Obesity Treatment Agents – Pharmacy Services

BY

Sally A. Kozak, Deputy Secretary
Office of Medical Assistance Programs

Sally a. Kozel

IMPORTANT REMINDER: All providers must revalidate the Medical Assistance (MA) enrollment of each service location every 5 years. Providers should log into PROMISe to check the revalidation dates of each service location and submit revalidation applications at least 60 days prior to the revalidation dates. Enrollment (revalidation) applications may be found at: https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Providers/Pages/PROMISe-Enrollment.aspx.

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this bulletin is to:

- 1. Inform providers of coverage of drugs prescribed for the treatment of obesity.
- 2. Inform providers of the addition of the Obesity Treatment Agents therapeutic class to the Statewide Preferred Drug List (PDL).
- Issue new handbook pages that include the requirements for prior authorization and the type of information needed to evaluate the medical necessity of prescriptions for Obesity Treatment Agents submitted for prior authorization.

SCOPE:

This bulletin applies to all licensed pharmacies and prescribers enrolled in the Medical Assistance (MA) Program. The guidelines to determine the medical necessity of Obesity Treatment Agents will be utilized in the fee-for-service and managed care delivery systems. Providers rendering services to MA beneficiaries in the managed care delivery system should

*01-22-70	09-22-69	27-22-57	33-22-67
02-22-54	11-22-54	30-22-60	
03-22-53	14-22-54	31-22-73	
08-22-78	24-22-61	32-22-54	

COMMENTS AND QUESTIONS REGARDING THIS BULLETIN SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO:

The appropriate toll-free number for your provider type.

Visit the Office of Medical Assistance Programs website at https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Providers/Pages/Health%20Care%20for%20Providers/Contact-Information-for-Providers.aspx.

address any questions related to the prior authorization of Obesity Treatment Agents to the appropriate MCO.

BACKGROUND:

The Department of Human Services (Department) Medical Assistance Program historically opted not to cover drugs to treat obesity. However, recent advances in understanding the underlying mechanisms of obesity and drug therapy to treat obesity have given the medical community safe and effective treatment options. Accordingly, the Department will be submitting to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services an amendment to the Pennsylvania State Medicaid Plan identifying drugs to treat obesity as covered outpatient drugs and will cover these drugs beginning January 1, 2023.

DISCUSSION:

The Department's Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Committee reviews published peer-reviewed medical literature and recommends the following:

- Preferred or non-preferred status for new drugs and products in therapeutic classes already included in the PDL.
- Changes in the status of drugs and products on the PDL from preferred to non-preferred and non-preferred to preferred.
- New quantity limits.
- Therapeutic classes of drugs and products to be added to or deleted from the PDL.
- New guidelines or revisions to existing guidelines to evaluate the medical necessity of prescriptions submitted for prior authorization.

During the September 14, 2022, meeting, the P&T Committee recommended that the Department add the Obesity Treatment Agents therapeutic class to the Statewide PDL and proposed guidelines to determine medical necessity of prescriptions for Obesity Treatment Agents. The requirement for prior authorization and guidelines to determine medical necessity of prescriptions for Obesity Treatment Agents submitted for prior authorization, as recommended by the P&T Committee, were subject to public review and comment and subsequently approved for implementation by the Department.

PROCEDURE:

The procedures for prescribers to request prior authorization of Obesity Treatment Agents are located in SECTION I of the Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook. The Department will take into account the elements specified in the clinical review guidelines (which are included in the provider handbook pages in the SECTION II chapter related to Obesity Treatment Agents) when reviewing the prior authorization request to determine medical necessity.

As set forth in 55 Pa. Code § 1101.67(a), the procedures described in the handbook pages must be followed to ensure appropriate and timely processing of prior authorization requests for drugs and products that require prior authorization.

ATTACHMENTS:

Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook - Updated pages

RESOURCES:

Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook – SECTION I Pharmacy Prior Authorization General Requirements https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Pharmacy-Services/Pages/Pharmacy-Prior-Authorization-General-Requirements.aspx

Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook – SECTION II Pharmacy Prior Authorization Guidelines https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Pharmacy-Services/Pages/Clinical-Guidelines.aspx

I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of Obesity Treatment Agents

A. <u>Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization</u>

All prescriptions for Obesity Treatment Agents must be prior authorized.

B. Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for an Obesity Treatment Agent, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the beneficiary:

- For a request for Evekeo (amphetamine) for any indication other than the treatment of obesity, see the prior authorization guidelines related to Stimulants and Related Agents;
 OR
- 2. For beneficiaries 18 years of age and older, **one** of the following:
 - a. Has a body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m²
 - b. **Both** of the following:
 - i. **One** of the following:
 - a) Has a BMI greater than or equal to 27 kg/m² and less than 30 kg/m²
 - b) Has been determined by the prescriber to be a candidate for treatment based on degree of adiposity, waist circumference, history of bariatric surgery, BMI exceptions for the beneficiary's ethnicity, etc.
 - ii. Has at least **one** weight-related comorbidity as determined by the prescriber, such as dyslipidemia, hypertension, type 2 diabetes, prediabetes, obstructive sleep apnea, metabolic syndrome, etc.;

AND

- 3. For beneficiaries less than 18 years of age, one of the following:
 - a. Has a BMI in the 95th percentile or greater standardized for age and sex based on current Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) charts
 - b. **Both** of the following:
 - i. **One** of the following:
 - a) Has a BMI in the 85th percentile or greater standardized for age and sex based on current CDC charts

- b) Has been determined by the prescriber to be a candidate for treatment based on degree of adiposity, history of bariatric surgery, etc.
- ii. Has at least **one** weight-related comorbidity as determined by the prescriber, such as dyslipidemia, hypertension, type 2 diabetes, prediabetes, obstructive sleep apnea, metabolic syndrome, etc.;

AND

- 4. Has been counseled about lifestyle changes and behavioral modification (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity); **AND**
- 5. Is age- and weight-appropriate according to FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; **AND**
- 6. Is prescribed a dose that is consistent with FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; **AND**
- 7. Does not have a contraindication to the prescribed medication; **AND**
- 8. For an Obesity Treatment Agent that is subject to the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency Controlled Substances Act (i.e., controlled substance), has documentation that the prescriber or the prescriber's delegate conducted a search of the Pennsylvania Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) for the beneficiary's controlled substance prescription history; **AND**
- 9. For Evekeo (amphetamine), **all** of the following:
 - a. Was assessed for potential risk of misuse, abuse, or addiction based on family and social history obtained by the prescribing provider,
 - b. Has documentation that the beneficiary has been educated on the potential adverse effects of stimulants, including the risk for misuse, abuse, and addiction,
 - c. For a beneficiary with a history of comorbid substance dependency, abuse, or diversion, has results of a recent urine drug screen testing for licit and illicit drugs with the potential for abuse (including specific testing for oxycodone, fentanyl, and tramadol) that is consistent with prescribed controlled substances,
 - d. **Both** of the following:
 - Has a history of trial and failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to all other Obesity Treatment Agents (preferred and non-preferred)
 - ii. Has documentation from prescriber explaining the rationale for why the requested medication is needed and plan for tapering;

AND

- 10. For all other non-preferred Obesity Treatment Agents, has history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred Obesity Treatment Agents approved or medically accepted for the beneficiary's diagnosis or indication. See the Preferred Drug List for the list of preferred Obesity Treatment Agents at: https://papdl.com/preferred-druglist; AND
- 11. For therapeutic duplication, **one** of the following:
 - a. For a glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist, is being titrated to or tapered from a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor or another GLP-1 receptor agonist,
 - b. For a stimulant agent, is being titrated to or tapered from another stimulant agent,
 - c. Has a medical reason for concomitant use of the requested medications that is supported by peer-reviewed medical literature or national treatment guidelines;

AND

12. If a prescription for an Obesity Treatment Agent is for a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will also take into account the guidelines set forth in the Quantity Limits Chapter. The list of drugs that are subject to quantity limits, with accompanying quantity limits, is available at:

https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Pharmacy-Services/Pages/Quantity-Limits-and-Daily-Dose-Limits.aspx.

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

FOR RENEWALS OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FOR OBESITY TREATMENT AGENTS: The determination of medical necessity of a request for renewal of a prior authorization for an Obesity Treatment Agent that was previously approved will take into account whether the beneficiary:

- 1. For beneficiaries 18 years of age and older, **one** of the following:
 - a. Is continuing with dose titration and experiencing a positive response to therapy,
 - b. Experienced a percent reduction of baseline body weight that is consistent with the recommended cutoff in FDA-approved package labeling, peer-reviewed medical literature, or consensus treatment guidelines after 3 months of therapy with the maximum recommended/tolerated dose,
 - c. Continues to experience clinical benefit from the Obesity Treatment Agent based on the prescriber's assessment;

AND

2. For beneficiaries less than 18 years of age, **one** of the following:

- a. Is continuing with dose titration and experiencing a positive response to therapy,
- b. Experienced a percent reduction of baseline BMI or BMI z-score that is consistent with the recommended cutoff in FDA-approved package labeling, peer-reviewed medical literature, or consensus treatment guidelines after 3 months of therapy with the maximum recommended/tolerated dose,
- c. Continues to experience clinical benefit from the Obesity Treatment Agent based on the prescriber's assessment;

AND

- 3. Has been counseled about lifestyle changes and behavioral modification (e.g., healthy diet and increased physical activity); **AND**
- 4. Is prescribed a dose that is consistent with FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; **AND**
- 5. Does not have a contraindication to the prescribed medication; **AND**
- 6. For an Obesity Treatment Agent that is subject to the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency Controlled Substances Act (i.e., controlled substance), has documentation that the prescriber or the prescriber's delegate conducted a search of the Pennsylvania PDMP for the beneficiary's controlled substance prescription history; AND
- 7. For Evekeo (amphetamine), **both** of the following:
 - a. For a beneficiary with a history of comorbid substance dependency, abuse, or diversion, has results of a recent urine drug screen testing for licit and illicit drugs with the potential for abuse (including specific testing for oxycodone, fentanyl, and tramadol) that is consistent with prescribed controlled substances
 - b. Has documentation from prescriber explaining rationale for why the requested medication continues to be needed and plan for tapering;

AND

- 8. For all other non-preferred Obesity Treatment Agents, has history of therapeutic failure of or a contraindication or an intolerance to the preferred Obesity Treatment Agents approved or medically accepted for the beneficiary's diagnosis or indication. See the Preferred Drug List for the list of preferred Obesity Treatment Agents at: https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list; AND
- 9. For therapeutic duplication, **one** of the following:
 - a. For a GLP-1 receptor agonist, is being titrated to or tapered from a DPP-4 inhibitor or another GLP-1 receptor agonist,
 - b. For a stimulant agent, is being titrated to or tapered from another stimulant agent,
 - c. Has a medical reason for concomitant use of the requested medications that is

supported by peer-reviewed medical literature or national treatment guidelines;

AND

10. If a prescription for an Obesity Treatment Agent is for a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will also take into account the guidelines set forth in the Quantity Limits Chapter. The list of drugs that are subject to quantity limits, with accompanying quantity limits, is available at: https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Pharmacy-Services/Pages/Quantity-Limits-and-Daily-Dose-Limits.aspx.

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above to assess the medical necessity of a prescription for an Obesity Treatment Agent. If the guidelines in Section B. are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary.

D. Dose and Duration of Therapy

Requests for prior authorization of Obesity Treatment Agents will be approved as follows:

- 1. For Evekeo (amphetamine), all requests will be approved for up to 3 months.
- 2. For a GLP-1 receptor agonist (e.g., Saxenda or Wegovy), all requests will be approved for up to 6 months.
- 3. For all other Obesity Treatment Agents:
 - a. Initial requests for prior authorization will be approved for up to 4 months.
 - b. Renewals of requests for prior authorization will be approved for up to 6 months.

E. References

- 1. Adipex-P Package Insert. Parsippany, NJ: Teva Pharmaceuticals; September 2020.
- 2. Apovian CM, Aronne LJ, Bessesen DH, McDonnell ME, Murad MH, Pagotto U, Ryan DH, Still CD; Endocrine Society. Pharmacological management of obesity: an Endocrine Society clinical practice guideline. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2015 Feb;100(2):342-62. doi:

- 10.1210/jc.2014-3415. Epub 2015 Jan 15. Erratum in: J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2015 May;100(5):2135-6. PMID: 25590212.
- 3. Atlas SJ, Kim K, Beinfeld M, Lancaster V, Nhan E, Lien PW, Shah K, Touchette DR, Moradi A, Rind DM, Pearson SD, Beaudoin, F. Medications for Obesity Management: Effectiveness and Value; Draft Evidence Report. Institute for Clinical and Economic Review, July 13, 2022. https://icer.org/assessment/obesity-management-2022/.
- 4. Benzphetamine Package Insert. Newtown, PA:KVK-Tech, INC.; March 2021.
- 5. Bray GA. Why do we need drugs to treat the patient with obesity? Obesity (Silver Spring). 2013 May;21(5):893-9. doi: 10.1002/oby.20394. PMID: 23520198.
- 6. Cole TJ, Bellizzi MC, Flegal KM, Dietz WH. Establishing a standard definition for child overweight and obesity worldwide: international survey. BMJ. 2000 May 6;320(7244):1240-3. doi: 10.1136/bmj.320.7244.1240. PMID: 10797032; PMCID: PMC27365.
- 7. Contrave Package Insert. Brentwood, TN: Currax Pharmaceuticals LLC; August 2020.
- 8. Diethylpropion Package Insert. Newtown, PA: KVK-Tech, INC.; December 2018.
- 9. Diethylpropion Extended Release Package Insert. Philadelphia, PA: Lannett Company, Inc; December 2019.
- Garvey WT, Mechanick JI, Brett EM, et al. American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists and American College of Endocrinology comprehensive clinical practice guidelines for medical care of patients with obesity. Endocr Pract 2016;22 Suppl 3:1-203.
- 11. Khera R, Murad MH, Chandar AK, et al. Association of Pharmacological Treatments for Obesity With Weight Loss and Adverse Events: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. JAMA. 2016;315(22):2424–2434. doi:10.1001/jama.2016.7602
- 12. Perreault L. Obesity in adults: Drug therapy. Kunins L, Pi-Sunyer FX eds. Waltham MA: UpToDate Inc. Updated February 2022. Accessed June 14, 2022.
- 13. Phendimetrazine Package Insert. Newtown, PA: KVK-Tech, INC.; December 2019.
- 14. Phendimetrazine Extended-Release Package Insert. Langhorne, PA: Virtus Pharmaceuticals, LLC; April 2021.
- 15. Phentermine Package Insert. Newtown, PA: KVK-Tech INC.; December 2018.
- 16. Qsymia Package Insert. Campbell, CA: VIVUS LLC; June 2022.
- 17. Ryan DH, Kahan S. Guideline recommendations for obesity management. Med Clin N Am 2018;102:49-63.
- 18. Saxenda Package Insert. Plainsboro, NJ: Novo Nordisk Inc.; December 2021.
- Skelton JA. Prevention and management of childhood obesity in the primary care setting. Lorin MI, Motil KJ, Heyman MB, Hoppin AG eds. Waltham MA: UpToDate Inc. Updated June 29, 2022. Accessed July 18, 2022.
- 20. Shi Q, Wang Y, Hao Q, et al. Pharmacotherapy for adults with overweight and obesity: a systematic review and network meta-analysis of randomised controlled trials. Lancet 2021;399:259-69.
- 21. Son JW, Kim S. Comprehensive Review of Current and Upcoming Anti-Obesity Drugs. Diabetes Metab J. 2020;44(6):802-818. doi:10.4093/dmj.2020.0258
- Styne DM, Arslanian SA, Connor EL, Farooqi IS, Murad MH, Silverstein JH, Yanovski JA. Pediatric Obesity-Assessment, Treatment, and Prevention: An Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2017 Mar 1;102(3):709-757. doi: 10.1210/jc.2016-2573. PMID: 28359099; PMCID: PMC6283429.
- 23. Tak YJ, Lee SY. Anti-Obesity Drugs: Long-Term Efficacy and Safety: An Updated Review. World J Mens Health. 2021 Apr;39(2):208-221. https://doi.org/10.5534/wjmh.200010

- 24. Velazquez A, Apovian CM. Updates on obesity pharmacotherapy. Ann N Y Acad Sci. 2018 Jan;1411(1):106-119. doi: 10.1111/nyas.13542. PMID: 29377198.
- 25. Wegovy Package Insert. Plainsboro NJ: Novo Nordisk Inc.; June 2021.
- 26. Wharton, S, Lau DCW, Vallis M, et al. Obesity in adults: a clinical practice guideline. CMAJ 2020;192:e875-91.
- 27. Williams, D.M., Nawaz, A. & Evans, M. Drug Therapy in Obesity: A Review of Current and Emerging Treatments. Diabetes Ther 11, 1199–1216 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1007/s13300-020-00816-y
- 28. Xenical Package Insert. Montgomery, AL: H2-Pharma, LLC; January 2018.